LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS Baton Rouge, Louisiana

COMPILED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2009

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date 9/16/09

THOMAS, WILSON, RAGUSA, UFFMAN & CO.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers

STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Financial Statements June 30, 2009

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THOMAS, WILSON, RAGUSA, UFFMAN & CO.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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To the Board of Directors Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have compiled the balance sheet of Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (a non-profit corporation) as of June 30, 2009, and the related statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, Statement of Activities, and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended included in the accompanying prescribed form in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We have also compiled the supplementary information included in Schedules 1, 3, 4, 15 and 16 of the accompanying prescribed form.

Our compilation was limited to presenting in the form prescribed by the State of Louisiana, Division of Administration, Office of Statewide Reporting and Procedures information that is the representation of management. We have not audited or reviewed the financial statements referred to above and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them.

These financial statements and the supplementary information in Schedules 1, 3, 4, 15 and 16, including related disclosures are presented in accordance with the requirements of the State of Louisiana, Division of Administration, Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy, which differ from generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, these financial statements and supplementary information are not designed for those who are not informed about such differences.

Thomas, Wilson, Regues, Uffren E es cost Certified Public Accountants

August 4, 2009

Statement A

Schedule Number

STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2009

Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers
5222 Summa Court, Suite 358
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809

Division of Administration Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy P. O. Box 94095 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095 Legislative Auditor
P. O. Box 94397
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397

Physical Address: 1201 N. Third Street Claiborne Building, 6th Floor, Suite 6-130 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802 Physical Address: 1600 N. Third Street Baton Rouge, Louisiana: 70802

AEEIDAVIT Personally came and appeared before the undersigned authority, Sany Edmonts, Exercising (Name) (Title) of LA State Board of Examinas of Interior Designers (Agency) who duly sworn, deposes and says, that the financial statements nerewith given present fairly the financial position (agency) at June 30, 09 and the results of operations for the year then ended in accordance with policies and practices established by the Division of Administration of in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Sworn and subscribed before me, this Anna + Dow Notary # 17698 Prepared by: Telephone No.: Email Address:

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

ASSETS	
CUPRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$	99,556
Investments Receivables (net of allow ance for doubtful accounts)(Note U)	
Due from other funds (Note Y)	
Due from federal government	
Inventories	
Prepayments	
Notes receivable	
Other current assets total current assets	00 556
NONCURRENT ASSETS:	99,556
Restricted assets (Note F):	
Cash	
Investments	-
Receivables	
hvestments	
Notes receivable	
Capital assets (net of depreciation)(Note D) Land	
. Land Buildings and improvements	
Machinery and equipment	567
intrastructure in the same of	
Construction-in-progress	***
Other noncurrent assets	
lotal noncurrent assets	667
IOEI 833et3	100,225
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABLITIES:	
Accounts payable and accruals (Note V)	
Due to other funds (Note Y)	
Due to federal government	
Deterred revenues	
Amounts held in custody for others	
Other current liabilities Current portion of long-term fiabilities: (Note K)	1,651
Contracts payable	
Compensated absences payable	
Capital lease obligations	
Claims and litigation payable	
Notes payable	
Bonds payable	
Other long-term liabilities Total current liabilities	1.651
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: (Note K)	1,001
Contracts payable	
Compensated absences payable	3,973
Capital lease obligations	
Claims and itigation payable	
Notes payable Bonds payable	
OPEB payable	
Other long-term liabilities	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,973
Total liabilities	5,624
NET ADDITO	
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	
Debt service	
Unemployment compensation	
Other specific purposes	
Unrestricted	94,599
Total net assets rotal nabones and net assets	94,599
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100,223

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Statement B

OPERATING REVENUES		
Sales of commodities and services	\$	
Assessments		
Use of money and property	•	
Licenses, permits, and fees		98,608
Other		
Total operating revenues		98,608
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of sales and services		87,491
Administrative		
Depreciation		222
Amortization	'	····
Total operating expenses		87,713
Operating income(loss)		10,895
NON-OPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)		
State appropriations		
Intergovernmental revenues(expenses)		
Taxes		
Use of money and property		
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	·	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	 -	
Federal grants	***************************************	
Interest expense	· · · · · · · ·	
Other revenue		1,861
Other expanse		
Total non-operating revenues(expenses)		1,861
Income(loss) before contributions, extraordinary items, & transfers		12,756
Capital contributions		
Extraordinary item - Loss on impairment of capital assets		
Transfers in	<u> </u>	
Transfers out		
Change in net assets		12,756
Total net assets — beginning		81,843
Total net assets – ending	\$	94,599

Statement C

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

See Appendix B for instructions

		Program Revenues				let (Expense)
_	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Entity \$	87,713 \$	98,608	·	\$	<u></u> \$	10,895
General revenues:						
Taxes						
State appropriat	ions					
Grants and cont	ributions not re	stricted to spec	ific programs			
Interest			. •			1,861
Miscellaneous						
Special items						
Extraordinary item - L	oss on impaim	nent of capital a	issets			
Transfers						
Total general rev	venues, specia	il items, and tra	nsfers			1,861
Change i	n net assets					12,756
Net assets - beginning	g as restated					81,843
Net assets - ending					\$	94,599

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Statement D (continued)

Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Payments in lieu of taxes Internal activity-payments to other funds Claims paid to outsiders Other operating revenues(expenses) Net cash provided(used) by operating activities	\$ 98,835 (57,514) (26,000)	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities State appropriations Federal receipts Federal disbursements Proceeds from sale of bonds Principal paid on bonds Interest paid on bond maturities Proceeds from issuance of notes payable Principal paid on notes payable Interest paid on notes payable Operating grants received Transfers in Transfers out Other Net cash provided(used) by non-capital financing activities Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from sale of bonds Principal paid on bonds Interest paid on bond maturities Proceeds from issuance of notes payable Interest paid on notes payable Interest paid on notes payable Acquisifion/construction of capital assists Proceeds from sale of capital assists Capital contributions Other Net cash provided(used) by capital and related financing activities		
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Interest and dividends earned on investment securities Net cash provided(used) by investing activities	1,861	1,861
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		17,182
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		82,374
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$99,556
•		

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Reconciliation of operating income(loss) to net cash provided(used) by operating activities:

Operating income(loss)		\$	10,895
Adjustments to reconcile operating income(loss) to net cash	v		
provided(used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation/amortization	222		•
Provision for uncollectible accounts		-	
Other		-	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		-	
(Increase)decrease in accounts receivable, net		•	
(Increase)decrease in due from other funds		-	
(Increase)decrease in prepayments		•	
(Increase)decrease in inventories		_	
(Increase)decrease in other assets	227	•	
Increase(decrease) in accounts payable and accruals	(167)	•	
Increase(decrease) in compensated absences payable	2,493	-	
Increase(decrease) in due to other funds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Increase(decrease) in deferred revenues		•	
Increase(decrease) in OPEB payable		-	
Increase(decrease) in other liabilities	1,651	•	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities		\$	15,321
Schedule of noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:			
. Borrowing under capital lease(s)	\$		
Contributions of fixed assets	 	 _	
Purchases of equipment on account			
Asset trade-ins			
Other (specify)			
			
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	\$		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

INTRODUCTION

The Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) was created by the Louisiana State Legislature under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 37:3173. The following is a brief description of the operations of Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) and includes the parish/parishes in which the (BTA) is located:

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

The accompanying financial statements of Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) present information only as to the transactions of the programs of the Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) as authorized by Louisiana statutes and administrative regulations.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accounts of the Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) are maintained in accordance with applicable statutory provisions and the regulations of the Division of Administration — Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy as follows:

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting; therefore, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

Expense Recognition

Expenses are recognized on the accrual basis; therefore, expenses, including salaries, are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable.

B. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The appropriations made for the operations of the various programs of the Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) are annual lapsing appropriations.

- 1. The budgetary process is an annual appropriation valid for one year.
- 2. The agency is prohibited by statute from over expending the categories established in the budget.
- 3. Budget revisions are granted by the Joint Legislative Committee on the Budget, a committee of the Louisiana Legislature. Interim emergency appropriations may be granted by the Interim Emergency Board.
- 4. The budgetary information included in the financial statements includes the original appropriation plus subsequent amendments as follows:

	 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Original approved budget	\$	91,345
Amendments:		
	-	
	·	
Final approved budget	\$	91,345

APPROPRIATIONS

- C. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS (If all agency cash and investments are deposited in the State-Treasury, disregard Note C.) See Appendix C for information related to Note C.
 - 1. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions include savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Further, the (BTA) may invest in time certificates of deposit in any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the state of Louisiana; in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows and balance sheet presentation, all highly liquid investments (including negotiable CDs and restricted cash and cash equivalents) and deposits (including nonnegotiable CDs and restricted cash and cash equivalents) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These pledged securities are required to be held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank in the form of safekeeping receipts held by the State Treasurer.

GASB Statement 40, which amended GASB Statement 3, eliminated the requirement to disclose all deposits by three categories of risk. GASB Statement 40 requires only the disclosure of deposits that are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk. An entity's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if the deposit balances are either 1) uninsured and uncollateralized, 2) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or 3) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.

		lowing:						
·		<u>Cash</u>	1	Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	ļ	Other (Describe)		Total
Balance per agency books (Balance Sheet)	\$ _	69,710	\$_	29,761	\$_		\$_	99,471.00
Deposits in bank accounts per bank	\$_	72,597	\$_	29,761	\$_		_\$_	102,358.00
Bank balances of deposits exposed to custodial	credit	isk:						
a. Deposits not insured and uncollateralized	\$_		\$_		\$		\$_	
o, Deposits not insured and collateralized with			_					_
securities held by the pledging institution.	\$ _		_\$_		\$_		_\$_	-
c. Deposits not insured and collateralized with								
securities held by the pledging institution's tru			_		_		_	
department or ageny but not in the entity's name	<u>ie.</u> \$.\$_		. \$_		_\$_	
Banking Institution		0		ogram		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Chase Bank Chase Bank		Operating Certificate				. \$		72,597
2. Ollago Dalik			Λf Γ					29.761
		Octimicate	_			·		29,761
			_					29,761
· 3.			_		-	\$		29,761
Total Cash in State Treasury and petty cash in reconciling amounts reported on the treasury and petty cash that are included. Cash in State Treasury	are no e balan ed on t	ot required nce sheet to the balance	to to are sh	pe reported in	the ted	se note disclining this note	osu , lis	102,358 re. However, t
Total Cash in State Treasury and petty cash in reconciling amounts reported on the treasury and petty cash that are includent.	are no e balan ed on t	ot required ace sheet to the balance	to to are sh	pe reported in	the ted	se note disclining this note	osu , lis	102,358 re. However, t
Total Cash in State Treasury and petty cash in reconciling amounts reported on the treasury and petty cash that are included Cash in State Treasury cash	are no e balan ed on t	ot required nce sheet to the balance	to to are sh	pe reported in	the ted	se note disclinithis note	osu , lis	102,358 re. However, t
Total Cash in State Treasury and petty cash in reconciling amounts reported on the treasury and petty cash that are included Cash in State Treasury and Petty cash INVESTMENTS-NA	are no e balan ed on t reasury	ot required nce sheet to the balance y \$	to to are sh	pe reported in nounts report eet.	ted - -	in this note	, lis	102,358 re. However, t
Total Cash in State Treasury and petty cash in reconciling amounts reported on the treasury and petty cash that are included Cash in State Treasury and Petty cash NVESTMENTS-NA	are no e balan ed on t reasury	ot required nce sheet to the balance y \$	to to are sh	pe reported in nounts report eet.	ted - -	in this note	, lis	102,358 re. However, t t below any ca
Total Cash in State Treasury and petty cash in reconciling amounts reported on the treasury and petty cash that are included Cash in State Treasury and Petty cash INVESTMENTS-NA	are no e balan ed on t reasury	ot required nce sheet to the balance y \$	to to are sh	pe reported in nounts report eet.	ted - -	in this note	, lis	102,358 re. However, t t below any ca

Investments can be exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities underlying the investment are uninsured, not registered in the name of the entity, and are either held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name. Repurchase agreements are not subject to credit risk if the securities underlying the repurchase agreement are exempt from credit risk disclosure. Using the following table, list each type of investment disclosing the total carrying amounts and market values, and any amounts exposed to custodial credit risk.

GASB Statement 40 amended GASB Statement 3 to eliminate the requirement to disclose all investments by three categories of risk. GASB Statement 40 requires only the separate disclosure of investments that are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk. Those investments exposed to custodial credit risk are reported by type in one of two separate columns depending upon whether they are held by a counterparty, or held by a counterparty's trust department or agent not in the entity's name. In addition, the total reported amount and fair value columns still must be reported for total investments regardless of exposure to custodial credit risk.

<u>credit risk.</u>	Introd mon	ts Exposed	All Importment	e Pagardlace of	
		is Exposed I Credit Risk	All Investments Regardless of Custodial Credit Risk Exposure		
Type of Investment	Uninsured, *Unregistered, and Held by Counterparty	Uninsured, "Unregistered, and Held by Counterparty's Trust Dept. or Agent Not in Entity's Name	Reported Amount Per Balance Sheet	Fair <u>Value</u>	
Negotiable CDs	\$	\$	\$\$		
Repurchase agreements			·		
U.S. Government Obligations **					
U.S. Agency Obligations					
Common & preferred stock					
Mortgages (including CMOs & MBSs)					
Corporate bonds					
Mutual funds		·			
Real estate					
External Investment Pool (LAMP) *** External Investment Pool (Other)					
External investment rool (Other) Other: (identify)					
other. (Ideathy)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
					
Total investments	\$	\$	\$		
* Unregistered - not registered in the nar	ne of the government	or entity			
* These obligations generally are not ex	kposed to custodial cr	edit risk because the	y are backed by		

- * * These obligations generally are not exposed to custodial credit risk because they are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. (See Appendix C for the definition of U.S. Government Obligations)
- *** LAMP investments should not be included in deposits AND should be identified separately in this table to ensure LAMP investments are not double-counted on the State level

2	DERIV	/ATN	/ES	NΔ

The institution does/does not invest in derivatives as part of its invest from these investments is as follows:	vestment policy	Accordingly, the exposi	ıre
credit riskmarket risk	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
legal risk			

Technical Bulletin 2003-1 requires certain note di on the Balance Sheet. See Appendix C for more below, if applicable.		
CREDIT RISK, INTEREST RATE RISK, CONCEN	ITRATION OF CREDIT	RISK, AND FOREIGN CURRENCY
A. Credit Risk of Debt Investments		
Disclose the credit risk of debt investments by cre- fiscal year end, including the rating agency used type can be aggregated by credit quality rating (if a	(Moody's, S&P, etc.).	All debt investments regardless of
Rating Agency	Rating	<u>Fair Value</u>
		\$

B. Interest Rate Risk of Debt Investments

4.

1. Disclose the interest rate risk of debt investments by listing the investment type, total fair value, and breakdown of maturity in years for each debt investment type. (Note – This is the prescribed method, segmented time distribution, for the CAFR. Also, total debt investments reported in this table should equal total debt investments reported in Section A – Credit Risk of Debt Investments.)

Total

			Investment Maturi	ties (in Years)	
Type of Debt Investment	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Greater Than 10
U.S. Government obligations U.S. Agency obligations Mortgage backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations Corporate bonds Other bonds (describe) Mutual bond funds Other	\$	\$		\$\$	
Total debt investments	\$	_ \$	\$\$	<u> </u>	-

5.

6.

2. List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the terms (e.g. coupon multipliers, reset dates, etc.) of the investment. See Appendix C for examples of debt investments that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Debt Investment		<u>Terms</u>
Total		
Concentration of Credit Risk		
t, by amount and issuer, invesestments (not including U.S. go		at represents 5% or more of total
<u>lssuer</u>	Amount	% of Total <u>Investments</u>
	\$	
Total	\$	
Foreign Currency Risk		
close the U.S. dollar balances	of any deposits or investment ated in foreign currencies); lis	ts that are exposed to foreign cu t by currency denomination and i
close the U.S. dollar balances	ated in foreign currencies); lis	t by currency denomination and i
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency	ated in foreign currencies); lis <u>Fair</u>	t by currency denomination and i Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency	ated in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds	t by currency denomination and i Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency	ated in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds	t by currency denomination and i Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency	ated in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds	t by currency denomination and i Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency Total	ated in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds \$	t by currency denomination and i
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency Total ICIES -NA efly describe the deposit and/or	sted in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds \$ investment policies related to it risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currencies); lis	t by currency denomination and in Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks \$
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency Total ICIES -NA effy describe the deposit and/or estments, concentration of credi	sted in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds \$ investment policies related to it risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currencies); lis	t by currency denomination and in Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks \$
close the U.S. dollar balances posits or investments denomine, if applicable. Foreign Currency Total ICIES -NA effy describe the deposit and/or estments, concentration of credi	sted in foreign currencies); lis Fair Bonds \$ investment policies related to it risk, interest rate risk, and for s disclosed, please state that fire	t by currency denomination and in Value in U.S. Dollars Stocks \$

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2009

b.	Securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements
C.	Unrealized investment losses
d.	Commitments as of (fiscal close), to resell securities under yield maintenance repurchase agreements: 1. Carrying amount and market value at June 30 of securities to be resold
e.	Description of the terms of the agreement Losses during the year due to default by counterparties to deposit or investment transactions
f.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses which are not shown separately on the balance sheet
Lega	al or Contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements
g.	Source of legal or contractual authorization for use of reverse repurchase agreements
h.	Significant violations of legal or contractual provisions for reverse repurchase agreements that occurred during the year
Reve	erse Repurchase Agreements as of Year-End
i.	Credit risk related to the reverse repurchase agreements (other than yield maintenance agreements) outstanding at year end, that is, the aggregate amount of reverse repurchase agreement obligations including accrued interest compared to aggregate market value of the securities underlying those agreements including interest
j.	Commitments on (fiscal close) to repurchase securities under yield maintenance agreements
k.	Market value on (fiscal close) of the securities to be repurchased
i.	Description of the terms of the agreements to repurchase
m.	Losses recognized during the year due to default by counterparties to reverse repurchase agreements
n.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses which are not separately shown on the operating statement
Fair \	Value Disclosures (GASB 31)
О.	Methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of investments, if fair value is not based on quoted market prices

p.	Basis for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost
q.	For investments in external investment pools that are not SEC-registered, a brief description of any regulatory oversight for the pool
r.	Whether the fair value of your investment in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares
s.	Any involuntary participation in an external investment pool
t.	If you are unable to obtain information from a pool sponsor to determine the fair value of your investment in the pool, methods used and significant assumptions made in determining fair value and the reasons for having had to make such an estimate
ù.	Any income from investments associated with one fund that is assigned to another fund
<u>Lan</u>	d and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments (GASB 52)
ν.	(agency/entity) owns land or other real estate held as investments by endowments. (yes/no) Land or real estate held as investments by endowments is reported at fair value in the entity's financial statements and any applicable fair value note disclosures are reported in the preceding fair value disclosure section.

D. CAPITAL ASSETS - INCLUDING CAPITAL LEASE ASSETS - NA

The fixed assets used in the Special Purpose Government Engaged only in Business-Type Activities are included on the balance sheet of the entity and are capitalized at cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the entity is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the balance sheet. Depreciation for financial reporting purposes is computed by the straight line method over the useful lives of the assets.

	Year ended June 30, 2009							
	Prior Period Adjustments							
	Balance 6/30/2008	Adj. after submitted to OSRAP (+or-)	Restatements (+or-)	Adjusted Balance 6/30/2008	Additions	Transfers*	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2009
Capital assets not being depreclated								
Land	\$	\$	\$ \$	· - :	\$	3	\$ \$;
Non-depreciable land improvements Capitalized collections				-				-
Construction in progress	•	· ——						
Total capital assets not being								
depreciated			<u>-</u>				<u> </u>	
Other capital assets								
Machinery and equipment	1,111			1,111				1,111
Less accumulated depreciation	(222)			(222)				(444)
Total Machinery and equipment	889			889				667
Buildings and improvements				_				_
Less accumulated depreciation				_				-
Total buildings and improvements								
Depreciable land improvements				_				_
Less accumulated deprediation								
Total depreciable land improvements								
Infrastructure				_				_
Less accumulated deprediation								
Total infrastructure								
Total other capital assets	889			889				667
Capital Asset Summary:								
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Other capital assets, at cost	1,111			1,111				1,111
Total cost of capital assets	1,111	-		1,111	_			1,111
Less accumulated deprediation	(22 2)			(222)				(444)
Capital assets, net	\$ 889	\$ <u> </u>	\$\$	889	:	;	\$ <u> </u>	667

Should be used only for those completed projects coming out of construction-in-progress to fixed assatis; not associated with transfers reported elsewhere in this packet.

F.	INI	/ENT	FORI	FS-	NΛ
PT -	III W V		UNI		11/

The BTA's inventories are v average, moving average, swhen used.	ratued using specific identification, etc). Thes	_ (method of valuation - se are perpetual invento	- FIFO, LIFO, weighted ories and are expensed
RESTRICTED ASSETS- NA	•	ı	
\$ in the non-	(BTA) at	nent A, consist of \$ investment in	in cash with

G. LEAVE

F.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Louisiana State Board of Interior Designers (BTA) has the following policy on annual and sick leave: (Describe leave policy.)

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, unused annual leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave is used to compute retirement benefits.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as a current year expenditure in the fund when leave is actually taken; it is recognized in the enterprise funds when the leave is earned. The cost of leave privileges applicable to general government operations not requiring current resources is recorded in long-term obligations.

2. COMPENSATORY LEAVE

Employees who are considered having non-exempt status according to the guidelines contained in the Fair Labor Standards Act may be paid for compensatory leave earned (K-time). Upon termination or transfer, an employee will be paid for any time and one-half compensatory leave earned and may or may not be paid for any straight hour-for-hour compensatory leave earned. Compensation paid will be based on the employees' hourly rate of pay at termination or transfer. The liability for accrued payable compensatory leave at June 30, 2009 computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section C60.105 is estimated to be \$0. The leave payable is recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

H. RÉTIREMENT SYSTEM

Substantially all of the employees of the (BTA) are members of the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (LASERS), a single employer defined benefit pension plan. The System is a statewide public employee retirement system (PERS) for the benefit of state employees, which is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

All full-time (BTA) employees are eligible to participate in the System unless they elect to continue as a contributing member in any other retirement system for which they remain eligible for membership. Certain elected officials and officials appointed by the governor may, at their option, become members of LASERS. Normal benefits vest with 10 years of service. Generally, retirement age employees are entitled to annual benefits equal to \$300 plus 2.5% of their highest consecutive 36 months' average salary multiplied by their

years of credited service except for members eligible to begin participation in the Defined Benefit Plan (DBP) on or after July 1, 2006. Act 75 of the 2005 Regular Session changes retirement eligibility and final average compensation for members who are eligible to begin participation in the DBP beginning July 1, 2006. Retirement eligibility for these members is limited to age 60, or thereafter, upon attainment of ten years of creditable service. Final average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment.

Vested employees eligible to begin participation in the DBP before July 1, 2006, are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life at (a) any age with 30 years of service, (b) age 55 with 25 years of service, or (c) age 60 with 10 years of service. In addition, these vested employees have the option of reduced benefits at any age with 20 years of service. Those hired on or after July 1, 2006 have only a single age option. They cannot retire until age 60 with a minimum of 10 years of service. The System also provides death and disability benefits and deferred benefit options, with qualifications and amounts defined by statute. Benefits are established or amended by state statute. The System issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. For a full description of the LASERS defined benefit plan, please refer to the LASERS 2008 Financial Statements, specifically, footnotes A – Plan Description and C – Contributions. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System, Post Office Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4213, or by calling (225) 922-0608 or (800) 256-3000. The footnotes to the Financial Statements contain additional details and are also available on-line at:

http://www.lasers.state.la.us/PDFs/Publications and Reports/Fiscal Documents/Comprehensive Financial Reports/Comprehensive%20Financial%20Reports 08.pdf

Members are required by state statute to contribute with the single largest group ("regular members") contributing 7.5% of gross salary, and the (BTA) is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate as required by R.S. 11:102. The contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, decreased to 18.5% of annual covered payroll from the 20.04% required in fiscal years ended June 30, 2008. The (BTA) contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, were \$4,981, \$2,183, and \$0, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

I. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB trust and agency funds of the employer. GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for OPEB expense/expenditures and related OPEB liabilities or OPEB assets, note disclosures, and required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of governmental employers. See the GASB Statement No. 45 note disclosures requirements in section 2 of this note.

1. Calculation of Net OPEB Obligation

(Note: Complete the following table for only the net OPEB obligation (NOO) related to OPEB administered by the Office of Group Benefits)

Annual OPEB expense and net OPEB Obligation

Fiscal year ending	6/30/2009
1. ARC (broken down by agency on pages 29-33 of the actuarial valuation report)	_
2. *NOO, beginning of year (see OPEB Liability Spreadsheet of FYE 6/30/08 on OSRAP's website)	
3. Amortization factor	26.17
4. Interest on NOO (4% x 2.)	
5. ARC adjustment (2J3.)	
6. Annual OPEB expense (1. + 4 5.)	
7. Contributions (payments to OGB for retiree's cost of group insurance 2009 premiums)	
8. Adjustment to OGB billings for retirees' Insurance 2009 premiums	
9. **NOO, end of year (2. + 6 7 +or-8.)	<u> </u>

^{*} This must be obtained from the OSRAP website on the spreadsheet "OPEB Liability Spreadsheet for FYE June 30, 2008"

**This should be the same amount as that shown on the Balance Sheet for the year ended June 30, 2009 if your entity's only OPEB is administered by OGB.

For more information on calculating the annual OPEB expense and the net OPEB obligation, see page two of the OPEB actuarial valuation report on OSRAP's website www.doa.louisiana.gov/osrap/index.htm, select "AFR packets", then scroll down and select "GASB 45 OPEB Valuation Report as of July 1, 2008, to be used for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009". Also, see Appendix D in the back of this packet.

2. Note Disclosures

If your only OPEB provider is OGB, your entity will have no OPEB note disclosures for OSRAP other than the OPEB calculation above; however, GASB 45 note disclosures are required for separately issued GAAP financial statements. Please provide OSRAP with the applicable GASB 43 and 45 note disclosures if your entity's OPEB group insurance plan is administered by an entity other than OGB. Following is a summary of the requirements of GASB Statement 45.

- I. Plan Description
- a) Name of Plan
- b) Identify entity that administers the plan
- c) Type of plan
- d) Brief description of the types of benefits
- e) Authority under which benefit provisions are established or may be amended
- f) Whether the OPEB plan issues a stand-alone financial report or is included in the report of a PERS or another entity, and, if so how to obtain the report.
- II. Funding Policy
- a) Authority under which the obligations of the plan members, employers, and other contributing entities (e.g., state contributions to local government plans) to contribute to the plan are established or may be amended.
- b) Required contribution rates of plan members (amount per member or percentage of covered payroll).
- c) Required contribution rates of the employer in accordance with the funding policy (in dollars or as percentage of current-year covered payroll) and, if applicable, legal or contractual maximum contribution rates: If the plan is a single-employer or agent plan and the rate differs significantly from the ARC, disclose how the rate is determined (e.g., by statute or contract) or that the plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. If the plan is a cost-sharing plan, disclose the required contributions in dollars and the percentage of

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA)

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2009

that amount contributed for the current year and each of the two preceding years, and how the required contribution rate is determined (e.g., by statue or by contract, or on an actuarially determined basis) or that the plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

- II. Additional disclosures for sole and agent employers for each plan:
- a) For current year (CY), annual OPEB cost and the dollar amount of contributions made. If the employer has a net OPEB obligation, also disclose the components of annual OPEB cost (ARC, interest on the net OPEB obligation, and the adjustment to the ARC), the increase or decrease in the net OPEB obligation, and the net OPEB obligation at the end of the year.
- b) For the current year and each of the two preceding years, disclose annual OPEB cost, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed that year, and net OPEB obligation at the end of the year. (For the first two years, the required information should be presented for the transition year, and for the current and transition years, respectively.)
- c) Information about the funded status of the plan as of the most recent valuation date, including the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll. The information should be calculated in accordance with the parameters. However, employers that meet the criteria in GASB Statement 45, paragraph 11 may elect to use the alternative measurement method discussed in GASB Statement 45, paragraphs 33 through 35. Employers that use the aggregate actuarial cost method should prepare this information using the entry age actuarial cost method for that purpose only.
- d) Information about the actuarial methods and assumptions used in valuations on which reported information about the ARC, annual OPEB cost, and the funded status and funding progress of OPEB plans is based, including the following:
 - 1) Disclosure that actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and that actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.
 - 2) Disclosure that the required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.
 - 3) Disclosure that calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, if applicable, the employer should disclose that the projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations (as discussed in the disclosure of funding policy in paragraph II(c) above) on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.
 - 4) Disclosure that actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. In addition, if applicable, disclosure that, consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.
 - 5) Identification of the actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the ARC for the current year and the information required by paragraph III(c) above. The disclosures should include:
 - (a) The actuarial cost method.
 - (b) The method(s) used to determine the actuarial value of assets.
 - (c) The assumptions with respect to the inflation rate, investment return (including the method used to determine a blended rate for a partially funded plan, if applicable), postretirement benefit increases if applicable, projected salary increases if relevant to determination of the level of benefits, and, for postemployment healthcare plans, the healthcare cost trend rate. If the economic assumptions contemplate different rates for successive years (year-based or select and ultimate rates), the rates that should be disclosed are the initial and ultimate rates.
 - (d) The amortization method (level dollar or level percentage of projected payroll) and the amortization period (equivalent single amortization period, for plans that use multiple periods) for the most recent

actuarial valuation and whether the period is closed or open. Employers that use the aggregate actuarial cost method should disclose that because the method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities, information about funded status and funding progress has been prepared using the entry age actuarial cost method for that purpose, and that the information presented is intended to approximate the funding progress of the plan.

IV. Required Supplementary Information:

Sole and agent employers should present the following information for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations:

- a. Information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, each of the elements of information listed in paragraph III(c) above.
- b. Factors that significantly affect the identification of trends in the amounts reported, including, for example, changes in benefit provisions, the size or composition of the population covered by the plan, or the actuarial methods and assumptions used. (The amounts reported for prior years should not be restated.)

The information should be calculated in accordance with the parameters and should be presented as RSI. Employers that use the aggregate actuarial cost method should prepare the information using the entry age actuarial cost method and should disclose that fact and that the purpose of this disclosure is to provide information that approximates the funding progress of the plan.

If the cost-sharing plan in which an employer participates does not issue and make publicly available a standalone plan financial report prepared in accordance with the requirements of Statement 43, and the plan is not included in the financial report of a PERS or another entity, the cost-sharing employer should present as RSI in its own financial report schedules of funding progress and employer contributions for the plan (and notes to these schedules), prepared in accordance with the requirements of Statement 43. The employer should disclose that the information presented relates to the cost-sharing plan as a whole, of which the employer is one participating employer, and should provide information helpful for understanding the scale of the information presented relative to the employer.

J. LEASES

<u>NOTE:</u> Where five-year amounts are requested, list the <u>total amount (sum) for the five-year period</u>, not the annual amount for each of the five years.)

1. OPERATING LEASES

The total payments for operating leases during fiscal year June 30, 2009 amounted to \$3,600. (Note: If lease payments extend past FY 2024, create additional columns and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.) A schedule of payments for operating leases follows:

Nature of lease Office Space Equipment Land Other	_\$_ 	FY 2010 3,600		<u>2011</u> 3,600		Y 2012 1,130	, \$ _ 	FY 2013	\$ FY 2014	FY 2019 2019 \$	- - - -	FY 2020- 2024	-
Total	 	3,600	<u> </u>	3,600	- - \$	1,130	• • • •			<u> </u>	:		- - -

CAPITAL LEASES- NA.

Capital leases (are/are not) recognized in the accompanying financial statements. The amounts to be accrued for capital leases and the disclosures required for capital and operating leases by National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 5, as adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and FASB 13 should be reported on the following schedules:

Capital leases are defined as an arrangement in which <u>any one</u> of the following conditions apply: (1) ownership transfers by the end of the lease, (2) the lease contains a bargain purchase option, (3) the lease term is 75% of the asset life or, (4) the discounted minimum lease payments are 90% of the fair market value of the asset.

Schedule A should be used to report all capital leases <u>including</u> new leases in effect as of 6/30/09. In Schedule B, report only those new leases entered into during fiscal year 2008-2009.

SCHEDULE A - TOTAL AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Remaining Remaining Gross Amount of interest to principal to Leased Asset end of end of Nature of lease (Historical Costs) lease lease a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land Total

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest: (Note: If lease payments extend past FY2029, create additional rows and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

Year ending June 30:	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$
2011	,
2012	
2013	
2014	
2015-2019	
2020-2024	
2025-2029	-
Total minimum lease payments	
Less amounts representing executory costs	
Net minimum lease payments	-
Less amounts representing interest	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$

SCHEDULE B - NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF

Nature of lease	Gross Amount of Leased Asset (Historical Costs)	Remaining interest to end of <u>lease</u>	Remaining principal to end of <u>lease</u>
a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land Total	\$\$ \$\$		

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest: (Note: If lease payments extend past FY2029, create additional rows and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

Year ending June 30:	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$
2011	
2012	
2013	
2014	
2015-2019	
2020-2024	
2025-2029	
Total minimum lease payments	
Less amounts representing executory costs	
Net minimum lease payments	-
Less amounts representing Interest	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$

SCHEDULE C - LEAF CAPITAL LEASES

Nature of lease	Gross Amount of Leased Asset (Historical Costs)	Remaining interest to end of lease	Remaining principal to end of <u>lease</u>
a. Office space b. Equipment	\$\$.		\$
c. Land Total	\$\$		\$

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases financed through the LEAF program, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest: (Note: If lease payments extend

Year ending June 30:

3.

past FY2029, create additional rows and report these future minimum lease payments in five year increments.)

Total

	2010		5	6		
	2011					
	2012					
	2013					
	2014					
	2015-2019					
	2020-2024					
	2025-2029				<u> </u>	
	Total minimum lease payments				-	
	Less amounts represent	ing executory	costs			
	Net minimum lease payments				•	
	Less amounts represent	ing interest				
	Present value of net minimum lease p	ayments	•	5		
LES	SOR DIRECT FINANCING LEASES -	ŅA				
A le defin	ase is classified as a direct financing ne a capital lease for the lessee is met Collectability of the minimum lease p No important uncertainties surround lessor under the lease.	and (2) when payments is re	both the	e following c	riteria are satisfied: e.	
.					- the a sheet below.	
Pro/	vide a general description of the direct	nnancing agre	ement a	and complete	e the chart below:	Domoninina
			Min	imum lease	Remaining interest	Remanining principal to
	Composition of lease	Date of lease		ent receivable	_	end of lease
a. C	ffice space		S		\$	\$
	quipment		· `——		· ' 	
c. L	• -					
	s amounts representing executory costs inimum lease payment receivable					
	allowance for doubtful accounts				•	
	et minimum lease payments receivable				•	
	s estimated residual value of leased proper	tv			•	
	uneamed income	•			•	
	et investment in direct financing lease		\$			
A 42 1		Almalia				
the I	num lease payment receivables do no ease contracts. Contingent rental pa ing etc., exceeds a certain level of ac	yments occur	if, for	example, the	e use of the equipm	nent, land, or
were		for equip			for land.	, our 2 000

as of (the last day of	your fiscal year): (Note: If	for the remaining fiscal years of the lease lease receivables extend past FY2029, m lease payment receivables in five year
Year ending	:	
2010	\$	
2011		
2012	_	
2013		
2014	_	
2015-2019		
2020-2024	_	
2025-2029	-	
Total	s –	
, occ	· · ·	
4. LESSOR - OPERATING LEAS When a lease agreement does not s	atisfy at least one of the four	criteria (common to both lessee and lessor
accounting), and both of the criteria find is classified as an operating lease. records rent revenues as they become	In an operating lease, there	no uncertain reimbursable costs), the lease is no simulated sale and the lessor simply
Provide the cost and carrying amour class of property and the amount of a		lease or held for lease organized by major of20: Accumulated Carrying
	Cost	depreciation amount
, Office and a		
a. Office space	\$\$_	<u> </u>
b. Equipment c. Land		
· Total	e	<u> </u>
··	* *_	
lease(s) as of (the last	t day of your fiscal year):	s receivable on non-cancelable operating (Note: If lease receivables extend past minimum lease payment receivables in
Year Ended	•	
June 30, Office Space	Equipment Land	Other Total
2010 \$	\$ \$	\$ -
2011		-
2012 2013		•
		-
. 2014 2015-2019		-
2020-2024		•
2025-2029		
Total \$	\$\$	<u>-</u> \$\$
Current year lease revenues received received from operating leases received for equipment, and s	eived for your fiscal year w	Contingent rentals for office space,

K. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the entity for the year ended June 30, 2009: (Balances at June 30th should include current and non-current portion of long-term liabilities.)

		•	_		•	
		Year ended Ju	une 30, 2009			
_		Additions	Reductions		Balance June 30, <u>2009</u>	Amounts due within one year
\$	\$		\$	\$	-	\$
					<u> </u>	
•					_	
	1,480	2,493			3,973	
					_	
					. –	
					•••	
				_		
	1,480	2,493	-		3,973	
\$	1,480 \$	2,493	\$	\$	3,973	\$
	J	Balance June 30, 2008 \$ \$ 1,480	Balance June 30, 2008 Additions \$	June 30, 2008 Additions Reductions \$ \$ \$ 1,480 2,493	Balance June 30, 2008 Additions Reductions \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,480 2,493	Balance June 30, 2008 Additions Reductions 2009 \$ \$ \$ \$

(Send OSRAP a copy of the amortization schedule for any new debt issued.)

L. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES- NA

GAAP requires that the notes to the financial statements disclose any situation where there is at least a reasonable possibility that assets have been impaired or that a liability has been incurred along with the dollar amount if it can reasonably be estimated. Do not report impaired capital assets as defined by GASB 42 below, rather disclose GASB 42 impaired capital assets in Note CC. Losses or ending litigation that is probable should be reflected on the balance sheet.

Date of Action	Description of Litigation and Probable outcome (Probable, reasonably possible or remote)	Amt	Estimated Liability for Claims & Litigation inion of legal counsel)	Insurance Coverage
 •	•	\$	\$_	
				
Totais				

*Note: Liability for claims and Judgments should include specific, incremental claim expenses if known or if it can be estimated. For example, the cost of outside legal assistance on a particular claim may be an incremental cost, whereas assistance from internal legal staff on a claim may not be incremental because the salary costs for internal staff normally will be incurred regardless of the claim. (See GASB 30, paragraph 9)

M.

N.

Those agencies collecting federal funds, which have been informed that certain of their previously claimed costs were disallowed, should disclose the requested information in the schedule shown below. Show each possible disallowance on a separate line in the chart.

	Date of		*Probability of	Estimated Liability
Program 1	Disallowance	Amount \$	Payment	Amount**
2				
4				
* Reasonably possible, prob ** Indicate only if amount cal	oable, or remote n be reasonably est	imated by legal cou	ınsel	
(Only answer the following qu Management.)	estions for those c	laims and litigation	not being handled b	by the Office of Risk
Indicate the way in which risks purchase of commercial participation in a public erisk retention (e.g., Use whole has Other (explain)	insurance, entity risk pool (e.g., of an internal servi- retained the risk of	Office of Risk Man ce fund is consider loss.)	ed risk retention bec	ause the entity as a
For entities participating in a riparticipation, including the righ				
Describe any significant reduct of risk. Also, indicate whether three fiscal years.	the amount of sett	lements exceeded	insurance coverage	for each of the past
Disclose any cases where it is been reflected in the financial s	probable that a lial statements because	pility has been incu it cannot be estima	rred, but the effect o	f the liability has not
Disclose any guarantee of ind called on to honor its guarantee				
RELATED PARTY TRANSAC	TIONS - NA			
FASB 57 requires disclosure of transaction(s) and any amounts transactions.	s due to or from tha	t result from related	e transaction(s), the d party transactions.	dollar amount of the List all related party
ACCOUNTING CHANGES N	A			
Accounting changes made du estimate or entity). The effect of	ring the year involor of the change is bei	ved a change in a	ccounting	(principle,

O. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS	- P	ŀ	N	l	А
--------------------------	-----	---	---	---	---

		In-Kind Contributions	Cost/Estimated Cost/Fair Market Value/As Determined by the Grantor
			\$
		Total	\$
Р.	DEFEA	SED ISSUES - NA	
Q.	debt ser REVEN 1. PLI Ple sec con Lot bef outs	other funds and/or securities, were dependenced agreement dated in the escrow, together with interest earnerest when due. The refunding resulted and gave the (BTA) an exprise payments on the old and new debt) of the PLEDGED OR SOLD (GASB 48). EDGED REVENUES dged revenues are specific revenues the cure debt of the pledging government, inponent unit. Pledged revenues are refusional Public Facilities Authority has malf. Pledged revenues must be disclostanding. You must prepare a separate	at have been formally committed to directly collateralize or or directly or indirectly collateralize or secure debt of a svenue bonds that the State Bond Commission or the authorized in your agency's name or in your agency's sed for each period in which the secured debt remains Note Q for each secured debt issued.
	a .	vide the following information about the splice that the specific pledged revenue: Pledged revenue is Debt secured by the pledged revenue (a Approximate amount of pledge (equal to the remaining principle)	emount)
		Term of the commitment:	g and ending dates by month and year) e available for other purposes]
	с. С	General purpose for the debt secured by t	the pledge:

R.

	d.	Relationship of	he pledged amount to the specific	revenue:	
		Comparison of t Principal requirection Interest requirection	he proportion of the specific reven he pledged revenues (current yea irements: ements:	r information):	
		Pledged rever	nues recognized during the period gross pledged revenue minus spec	ified operating expense	<u>s)</u>
нот	•	or any new Rev Cover page Introductory s Amortization Plan of finance	enue Bonds, you must send a cop	y of the following pages	
2.	FUT	TURE REVENU	ES REPORTED AS A SALE		
	righ invo	ts to future cas olvement with th	ported as a sale are proceeds to the flows from specific future reverses revenues or receivables is effort information in the year of the same	nues and for which the ectively terminated. (see	e agency/entity's continuing
	a.	the revenuethe approx	ecific revenue sold; ue sold is dimate amount assumptions used in determining		
	b.	Period of the s	sale:		
	C.		f the sold amount to the total for t		
	d.	Comparison o			
		 proceeds present va 	of the sale ilue of the future revenues sold		
			assumptions in determining the p		
The		wing governme	ATED NONEXCHANGE TRANSA		
200	0 20	CFDA		State Match	Total Amount
		Number	Program Name	Percentage	of Grant
		al government-m	andated nonexchange transactions	(grants) \$	

At June 30, 20, the				_ Bond F	Reserve	Covenant	he provision t that rec(BTA nis deficienc
SHORT-TERM DEBT- NA							
The	(BTA) issue					rpose(s)_	
Short-term debt activity for the	year ended Ju	une 30), 20, wa	s as follows			
List the type of Short-tem (e.g., tax anticipation not			Beginning Balance	Issued	ReRe	deemed	Ending Balance
		s		\$	\$	9	8
Chart tawn white authors for the	. voor onded li	ine 30	120 wa	s as follows	•		
Short-term debt activity for the	ryear enueu 30	В	eginning			deemed	_
Line of credit	year enueu 30	В		Draws	Re	deemed	_
•		B 	eginning Balance	Draws	Re		Balance
Line of credit	EIVABLE BAL	.ANC	eginning Balance	Draws	Re		Balance
Line of credit DISAGGREGATION OF REC Receivables at June 30, 20, Fund	EIVABLE BAL were as follow Customer	######################################	eginning Balance	Draws \$ Receivables from other		Other	Balance Total
Line of credit DISAGGREGATION OF REC Receivables at June 30, 20	EIVABLE BAL were as follov	######################################	eginning Balance	Draws \$ Receivables			Balance Total
Line of credit DISAGGREGATION OF REC Receivables at June 30, 20, Fund (gen. fund, gas taxfund, etc.) Gross receivables	EIVABLE BAL were as follow Customer	######################################	eginning Balance	Draws \$ Receivables from other		Other	Balance Total Receivables
Line of credit DISAGGREGATION OF REC Receivables at June 30, 20, Fund (gen. fund, gas taxfund, etc.) Gross receivables Less allowance for uncollectible	EIVABLE BAL were as follow Customer	\$ \$.ANCE	eginning Balance ES- NA Taxes	Draws \$ Receivables from other		Other eivables	Total Receivables

DISAGGREGATION OF PAYABLE BALANCES- NA ٧.

Payables at June 30, 20, were as follow

Fund	_{\$}	Vendors	- - - - - -	Salaries and Benefits	\$	Accrued Interest	· \$ -	Other Payables	\$	Total Payables
Total payables	-		 - \$_		- \$_		 \$_	-	 \$_	<u>-</u>
SUBSEQUENT EVENT	S- NA									

W.

Disclose any material ev issuance of the financial	BTA) occurring between	een the close o	f the fiscal per	riod and

SEGMENT INFORMATION- NA X.

Governments that report enterprise funds or that use enterprise fund accounting and reporting standards to report their activities are required to present segment information for those activities in the notes to the financial statements. For purposes of this disclosure, a segment is an identifiable activity (or group of activities), reported as or within an enterprise fund or another stand-alone entity that has one or more bonds or other debt instruments outstanding, with a revenue stream pledged in support of that debt. In addition, the activity's revenues, expenses, gains and losses, assets, and liabilities are required to be accounted for separately. This requirement for separate accounting applies if imposed by an external party, such as accounting and reporting requirements set forth in bond indentures. Disclosure requirements for each segment should be met by identifying the types of goods and services provided and by presenting condensed financial statements in the notes, including the elements in A through C below (GASB 34, paragraph 122, as modified by GASB 37, paragraph 17.)

Type of goods or services provided by each segment:

Segment No. 1	
Segment No. 2	

Condensed balance sheet:

- (1) Total assets distinguishing between current assets, capital assets, and other assets. Amounts receivable from other funds or BTAs should be reported separately.
- (2) Total liabilities distinguishing between current and long-term amounts. Amounts payable to other funds or BTAs should be reported separately.
- (3) Total net assets distinguishing among restricted (separately reporting expendable and nonexpendable components); unrestricted; and amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

C	one	len	hae	Ral	ance	shi	eet.

- (1) Net cash provided (used) by:
 - (a) Operating activities

 - (b) Noncapital financing activities(c) Capital and related financing activities
 - (d) Investing activities
- (2) Beginning cash and cash equivalent balances
- (3) Ending cash and cash equivalent balances

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows:

		Segment #1	Segment #2
Net cash provided (used) by operating Net cash provided (used) by noncapit financing activities Net cash provided (used) by capital ar financing activities Net cash provided (used) by investing Beginning cash and cash equivalent be	al nd related activities palances		\$\$
Y. DUE TO/DUE FROM AND TRANSFERS- NA			
List by fund type the amounts due from ot (Types of funds include general fund, stat			
	<u>Name o</u>	\$	Amount
Total due from other funds			
List.by fund type the amounts due to other	funds detailed	by individual fund	at fiscal year end:
Type of Fund	<u>Name o</u>	\$	Amount
		·	
3. List by fund type all transfers from other fo	unds for the fis	cal year:	
Type of Fund	Name o	\$	Amount
Total transfers from other funds		<u> </u>	
4. List by fund type all transfers to other fund	ds for the fisca	year:	
Type of Fund	Name o	FFund \$	Amount
Total transfers to other funds			

Z.	LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RES	STRICTED ASSETS- NA		
	Liabilities payable from restricted	assets in the	(BTA) at	(fiscal year end),
	Liabilities payable from restricted reflected at \$ in the payable, \$ in notes	ne liabilities section on Stat	ement A, consist of \$	in accounts
	payable, \$ in notes	payable, and \$	in	 -
AA.	PRIOR-YEAR RESTATEMENT OF	NET ASSETS- NA	•	
	The following adjustments were	made to restate beginning	net assets for June 30,	20
		*Adjustments to end net		
	Ending net assets	assets 6/30/08 (after AFR	(Adjustments to	Beg net assets
		was submitted to OSRAP)		
	OSRAP on PY AFR	+ or (-)	+ or (-)	as restated
	\$\$	+ or (-)	\$	
			<u> </u>	
	·		·	
				
BB.	*Include all audit adjustments ac NET ASSETS RESTRICTED BY EN Of the total net assets reported enabling legislation. Enabling legislation. Enabling legislation and the resources of the resou	d on Statement A at June egislation authorizes a government of the specific of the determination of the transport of the transport of the determination of the transport of the transport of the specific of the determination of the transport of the specific of the specifi	e 30, 20, \$	are restricted by ry, charge, or otherwise is a legally enforceable the legislation. Refer to d as required by GASB
	Purpose of Restric	tion <u>Au</u>	thorizing Revenue	<u>Amount</u>
			\$	
	Total		\$	
			-	

CC. IMPAIRMENT OF CAPITAL ASSETS & INSURANCE RECOVERIES- NA

GASB 42 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for the impairment of capital assets and for insurance recoveries. Governments are required to evaluate prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment has occurred. A capital asset generally should be considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. See Appendix G for more information on GASB 42 and the Impairment of Capital Assets.

The following capital assets became <u>permanently</u> impaired in FY 08-09: (Insurance recoveries related to impairment losses should be used to offset those impairment losses if received in the same year as the

impairment. Include these insurance recoveries in the third column in the table below. Calculate the net impairment loss after insurance recoveries received in the current fiscal year in the fourth column. Include in the Financial Statement Classification column the account line in which the net impairment loss is reported in the financial statements. There are five indicators of impairment described in Appendix G, (1) physical damage, (2) enactment of laws, etc. List the appropriate number (1-5) to identify the indicator of impairment in the second to last column below.)

Type of asset	Amount of Impairment Loss	Insurance Recovery in the same FY	Net Impairmer Loss per Financial Stm	Statement	Appendix G Indicator of Impairment	Reason for Impairment (e.g. hurricane, fire)
Buildings \$	·	\$	\$			
Movable Property						
Infrastructure		 				
insurance recover reported as prog	eries received ram revenue: ne amount an e financial stat	l in FY 08-09 o s, nonoperatin d financial stat	other than tho g revenues, c ement classif surance recov	se related to impor extraordinary i ication (account	pairment of capi tems, as approp line in which the ed in the table al R insura	previous years, and tal assets, should be priate. Indicate in the e insurance recovery bove: eason for ance recovery e.g. fire)
Buildings	\$_					· - -
Movable Prope	erty _		<u> </u>			
Infrastructure			·			
whether the impa	airment is cor year: (Includ year, <u>any tem</u>	nsidered perm le <u>any permar</u> porarily impai	anent or tempently impaired capital as	oorary. The follo	wing capital as listed above the	closed, regardless of sets were idle at the at are still idle at the n prior years that are
	Type of asset			mying Value of		ason for pairment
Buildings - perma Buildings - tempo Movable Property Movable Property Infrastructure - pe Infrastructure - ter	orarily impaired - permanently - temporarily in ermanently imp	d rimpaired mpaired paired	\$			

DD. EMPLOYEE TERMINATION BENEFITS

Termination benefits are benefits, other than salaries and wages that are provided by employers as settlement for involuntary terminations initiated by management, or as an incentive for voluntary terminations

initiated by employees. Voluntary termination benefits include benefits such as enhanced early retirement options resulting from an approved early retirement plan.

Substantially all employees are eligible for termination benefits upon separation from the state. The agency recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as expenditures when paid during the year. For 2008, the cost of providing those benefits for 0 (number of) voluntary terminations totaled \$0. For 2008, the cost of providing those benefits for 0 (number of) involuntary terminations totaled \$0.

During the year, there were no voluntary or involuntary terminations. The board records the accrued termination benefits as compensated absences. The balance at June 30, 2008 was \$3,973.

A terminated employee can continue to access health benefits, however, if the COBRA participant is paying the ENTIRE premium then there is no state contribution on behalf of this individual. Therefore, when a terminated employee pays 100% of the premium, the state would not have a termination liability.

EE. POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (BTA)- NA

Pollution remediation costs (or revenue) should be reported in the statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets, if appropriate, as a program or operating expense (or revenue), special item, or extraordinary item in accordance with the guidance in Statement 34.

Disclosures

For recognized pollution remediation liabilities and recoveries of pollution remediation outlays, governments should disclose the following:

- a. The nature and source of pollution remediation obligations (for example, federal, state, or local laws or regulations)
- b. The amount of the estimated liability (if not apparent from the financial statements), the methods and assumptions used for the estimate, and the potential for changes due to, for example, price increases or reductions, technology, or applicable laws or regulations
- c. Estimated recoveries reducing the liability.

For pollution remediation liabilities, or portions thereof, that are not yet recognized because they are not reasonably estimable, governments should disclose a general description of the nature of the pollution remediation activities.

SAMPLE disclosure: (This is a sample disclosure. Adapt as necessary to fit your specific agency.)

A preliminary site as:	sessment has beer	done which reve	aled			(asbestos,
polluted ground	water, leaking	underground	fuel	storage	tanks,	etc.) on
	agency's/entity's	property. A	possible	explan	ation fo	r this is
		er investigation to				
this contamination and	l required remediat	ion has lead to a p	otential I	iability of	\$	The
		in rem				
reporting a balance of	of \$	for the liabilit	y. At th	iis time ti	he compl	ete cost for
remediation is unable amount of time involv adjusted.						

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS JUNE 30, 2009

Name			Amount	
Carolyn Sawyer	_	\$_ <u></u>	-	485
Trudy L. Ritchie				873
Deborah Steinmetz	_			485
Karen Carbo	_			485
Karen Hazel			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	194
	_		,	
	_			·
	_			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_			
	_			
	_			
			-	-
	_			
				
	_			
				,
Total	\$			2,522

Note: The per diem payments are authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute, and are presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Legislature.

SCHEDULE 1

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2009

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 6/30/PY	Redeemed - (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 6/30/CY	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 6/30/CY
Not Applicable		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$
		<u> </u>					
							
							
						 .	
			<u></u>				
				•			
				_			
		·					
							
Total		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$

^{*}Send copies of new amortization schedules

SCHEDULE 3-A

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISNANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2009

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 6/30/PY	Redeemed (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 6/30/CY	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 6/30/CY
Not Applicable		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$
				*			
							
•							
		 ,					
					·		
					•		
							
							
"							
Total		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$

^{*}Send copies of new amortization schedules

SCHEDULE 3-B

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL LEASE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Ending:	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Balance</u>
2010	\$ Not Applicable		\$	\$
2011			 	
2012			·	
2013				<u> </u>
2014				
2015-2019				
2020-2024				
2025-2029				
2030-2034				
Total	\$;	\$	\$

SCHEDULE 4-A

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Fiscal Year Ending:	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2010	\$ Not Applicable	\$
2011		
2012		
2013	·	
2014		
2015-2019		
2020-2024		
2025-2029		
2030-2034		
Total	\$	\$

SCHEDULE 4-B

STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA) SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Fiscal Year <u>Ending:</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest
2010	\$ Not Applicable	\$	
2011		_	
2012	<u> </u>	_	
2013		_	
2014	·	_	
2015		_	
2016	<u></u>	_	
2017		_	
2018		_	
2019		_	
2020		_	
2021		_ _	
2022		_	
2023		_	
2024		_	
2025		-	
2026		_	
2027		_	
2028		-	
2029	. 		
2030			
2031		_	
2032	<u></u>		·
2033		_	
2034		_	 .
Total	\$	\$	<u></u>

SCHEDULE 4-C

STATE OF LOUISIANA

LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF INTERIOR DESIGNERS (BTA)

COMPARISON FIGURES

To assist OSRAP in determining the reason for the change in financial position for the State, please complete the schedule below. If the change is greater than \$1 million, explain the reason for the change.

		<u>2009</u>	2008	Difference	Percentage <u>Change</u>
1) Revenues	\$_	98,608\$	88,587\$	10,021\$	10%
Expenses		87,713	75,978	11,735	13%
2) Capital assets		667	889	(222)	(33%)
Long-term debt	_				
Net Assets	_	94,599	81,843	12,756	13%
Explanation for chang	e:				
			· .		
•					

SCHEDULE 16 - COOPERATIVE ENDEAVORS - NA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

AGENCY NUMBER
AGENCY NAME

	# Z	Llability	as of	6/20/2009	0.00	0.00	0.00	000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	8.0	0.00	80.0	0.00	9.0	0.0	00:0	0.00	00.00	0.0	0.00	8	0.00	8.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		<u>.</u>	4	Ş							_						_		_													-
Paki	Inception	to Date	B 8 of	6/10/2009				-																								
			100%	Combination				•																								
	lit	600	100%	IAT																												
	p Agreemer	f June 30, 2	%001	Federal																												
	Funding Source per Coop Agreement	based on Net Liability as of June 30, 2009	¥001	6.0. Bonds																												
	unding Sou	ed on Net L	100%	Stat. Ded,																												
	шI	bas	100%	SGR																												
			190%	State																												
	End Date of	Coop,	Armended, if	Applicable																												
	Date of	Original	Coop was	Effective																												
Original	Amount	of Coop, Plus	Amendments,	lf any																												30
	Multi-year,	One-Time,	or Other	Appropriation																												
	Brief	Description	of the	Coop																												10202
		Parties	5 F	Coop																7		1				1						
	Contract	Financial	Management	System#																												